STREET CARS.

EKS CHRONOMETER

M to R P M 10 Minutes Apart
M till 11 P M 20 Minutes Apart
M to 6 40 P M 10 Minutes Apart
as follows

BUDD, Superintendent.

MEDICAL.

THE UNFORTUNATE.

EW REMEDIES, NEW REMEDIES!

Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary,

623 KEARNEY STREET
NEAR COMMERCIAL
San Francisco, California.
1854 for the treatment of Spermatorrhœa and Seminal Diseases such as Nocturnal Emissions Gleet Stricture Syphilis in all its forms Seminal Weakness Impotency etc Skin Diseases of years standing and Ulcerated Legs successfully treated

GIBBON has the pleasure of at no meeting that he returned from visiting the principal Hospitals of Europe and has resumed the Practice at his Dispensary 623 Kearney street corner of Commercial Francisco where his old patients and those needing his services may find him

Doctor has spared neither time nor money in getting out new remedies as he has returned with good facilities for the alleviation of human suffering

Horrible Diseases

many thousands of persons both male and female are there whose youthful sins or a miserable inheritance from the effects of secret indulgences or previous disorders in the system, look at their emaciated and disfigured faces and behold their down constitutions disqualifying them for the enjoyments of marriage or the enjoyment of life A horrid stigma of debasement is stamped upon the countenance and the whole system is unfitted until death ends the scene Let parents guard their children when they see symptoms of approaching disease in those who are suffering with any of these life-destroying maladies—see that there are no rascal practitioners let in to their families secretly to DR GIBBON a physician who devotes his private practice to this especial study for years and is certain to cure the most inveterate case of mercury or any injurious drugs It is impossible for those who are afflicted with the worst forms of disease to be acquainted with the workings of the many pretended doctors who put forth their skill in curing all diseases in a few days thereby imposing upon the public by using the names of eminent physicians from Europe and other places Be therefore careful and make sure that you are not gulled or you may fall into the hands of those who live but to destroy

Seminal Weakness.

Nocturnal Emissions the consequence of self abuse or indulgence or depraved sexual indulgence is caused by the youth of both sexes to an almost universal extent, producing with unerring certainty a host of the most horrid symptoms unless counteracted by scientific medical measures Want of attendance dark spots under the eyes pain in the back and head ringing in the ears noise like the rustling of leaves and rattling of chariots uneasiness about the region of the heart confusion of ideas timidity intellect loss of confidence diffidence in the presence of strangers a dislike to form new acquaintances disposition to shun society loss of memory bashfulness and various other symptoms too numerous to mention about the face furred tongue fetid breath consumption night sweats more manifest and unmanly Dr GIBBON has not obtained should immediately refer to the person or party he may desire cure effected by his new and scientific modes of treating the disease which never fails of effecting a quick and radical cure Dr GIBBON will give One Hundred Dollars for any case he undertakes and fails to cure by him that he was cured of this complaint by either of the San Francisco quacks.

Marriage Men,

who contemplate marriage, who are suffering under any of these fearful maladies should not enter the sacred responsibility resting upon them without first obtaining a perfect relief Dr GIBBON is responsible and will give to each patient a written instrument binding himself to cure in a radical and permanent cure or make no charge

Cured at Home

Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME by sending a letter to Dr GIBBON stating case as near as possible Those living at a distance can have medicines promptly forwarded free from prying curiosity to any part of the country Full and plain directions By inclosing ten dollars in registered letter through Wells Fargo & Co's Express Dr GIBBON will forward a package of medicine to any part of the United States All communications strictly confidential

Caution to the Unfortunate

Beware of the San Francisco quacks and pretenders who with boards sworn to certificates dupe the unwary some of the scoundrels have even had the impudence to be named in the daily and weekly papers of San Francisco as having cured Dr GIBBON's patients and others in order to get a notoriety for themselves and basely filch from Dr GIBBON the credit of his well earned reputation Consult no quacks or pretenders who have to resort to such means to support their vile impositions Shun them as you would a pestilence—it will do you nothing and may save you many regrets Avoid consulting physicians in other cities or countries as you may rest assured that they are not there Dr GIBBON does not deceive people by exhibiting bogus certificates pretended patients letters etc but will satisfy persons who may call at his office of his ability to treat diseases that he proposes to cure

DR J F GIBBON Dr Kearney street corner of Commercial San Francisco Box 1957 ON THE LIST Postage stamps taken as FREE

Correspondence will be strictly confidential Inclose stamp for reply Address in full JOHN F GIBBON M D Box 1957 San Francisco Cal

They read his advertisement in the DAILY

jy5d4p

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED

for the District of Oregon In the matter of Joseph Holbrook bankrupt In Bankruptcy To whom it may concern Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of said Joseph Holbrook bankrupt will be held at the office of the undersigned in Portland in said District on the 1st day of August A D 1874 at 11 o'clock A M at the office of the undersigned in Portland before Edward Hirsch Esq one of the Registers in Bankruptcy for the purpose of proving debts choosing assignee examining the bankrupt and transacting such other business as may properly come before said meeting Dated this 23d day of July A D 1874 JOHN H MITCHELL Assignee

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED

for the District of Oregon In the matter of Thomas Abbott bankrupt Notice is hereby given that on the 23d day of July A D 1874 a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of said Thomas Abbott of Portland in said District who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a court of bankruptcy to be holden at the office of the undersigned in Portland in said District on the 1st day of August A D 1874 at 11 o'clock A M at which time said creditors may attend and prove their debts and choose assignees of said estate from all who may do so HENRY BOND Register in Bankruptcy

July 6 18 4

HOUSE MOVING.

SCAFFOLDING AT REDUCED RATES

A FULL SET OF IMPROVED MACHINERY for raising and moving buildings of every description and having had many years experience in the business I feel confident that I can give satisfaction to those who may favor me with their patronage Orders left at my residence on Second street between Jefferson and Columbia will receive prompt attention

Terms Reasonable and Satisfaction Guaranteed

WM D ALLEN

SUGARS! SUGARS!!

Are Greatly Reduced Rates

ALLEN & LEWIS

Ordinance No 160

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATION

for the Police Fund

The Common Council of Portland do ordain as follows

Section 1 That the Treasurer of said City be and he is hereby directed to draw his warrant on the General Fund in favor of the Police Fund for the sum of Five Hundred Dollars and that the Auditor issue his warrant therefor

Section 2 This ordinance shall take effect from and after its passage

Passed the Common Council July 1 1874

M S CALDWELL Auditor and Clerk

Approved July 1874 HENRY FAILING Mayor

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XIV.—NO. 147. PORTLAND, OREGON: TUESDAY, JULY 28, 1874. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN]

Further Testimony from Mr. Tilton.

SAN FRANCISCO July 27—The report of Tilton's second interview this hour I think of a very long one to-day He gives the particulars of several meetings and his last statement Of the one in the library in which he saw Beecher while in the house and Mrs Tilton on a low sofa Tilton says he under her clothing and caressed her breasts and lower limbs Afterwards she became partially confessed and said she had done wrong Beecher He declared he never had criminal intercourse with her but at one time when she was sick as an angel but for a little time he confessed he could not control himself and then he declared he loved her as a sister and would die to protect her from harm Tilton says when Mrs Tilton made her confession she threw herself upon her knees and blushingly said she had been guilty of adultery with Beecher This statement is true She then asked me to forgive her and I did so Tilton says he then told her that he would not live with her and that their children should be taken from her Tilton says he then left the house and has not seen Mrs Tilton since

Outline of Mr. Beecher's Defense.

TROY July 27—It leaks out outline of Beecher's defense is being prepared which will be thoroughly analyzed This effort on the part of Martin one not will make some confessions which will excite as great surprise as did Tilton's famous open confession of his alleged personal grievances Beecher's counsel assert that since the beginning of his troubles he has been besieged by letters addressed to him from women expressing great personal sympathy in behalf of him as a man and minister He will show that common sessions of this nature are constantly received by every noted man in the community and that it is a special annoyance to clergymen Epistles and letters to the latter in many of these abnormal specimens of humanity are of a personal character that is vile and obscene The object of Mrs Tilton in thus making confidences to Mrs Beecher will be explained Knowing the ability from childhood to control her feelings and having been married for years to a man of close relations with both he was led to a strange intimation to seal suit to her But this letter and an intimate was found which while it was innocent criminal was construed by Tilton to mean more than it was and which Tilton says was the first wrong to Tilton He will endeavor to show that Mrs Tilton was very desirous and the cause to effect a reconciliation between Tilton and Beecher Tilton's statement in this respect is without doubt false and was made for the purpose of blackening the character of Mrs Tilton and Beecher

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING JULY 28 1874

WHO SHALL AT REFORM

The ring papers of New York City are enjoying the exhibitions of weakness of Mayor Havemeyer as do us reformers. Had Mr Haven ever was elected as the candidate of a Reform movement, and nothing could be more pleasing to the ring crowd than the disappointment of the people in his administration. Though there is, so far as one can see in the newspapers no evidence tending to show him to be a corrupt man he is not fulfilling the expectations of those who advocated his election nor displaying such ability as his situation demands. This is taken hold of by the ring papers as ground for sneers at all attempt at reform in politics. And the lesser lights of ring journalism of both parties throughout the country take up the refrain and repeat after their great masters that Reform in politics means rascality. That Tweed, the creature of party rule was proved a thief and is now atoning for his public crimes in a public prison that he and the ring of which he was acknowledged chief plundered the City Treasury to the amount of millions of dollars and had their plans fully matured and partially executed to extend the robbery to still further millions that in order the better to enable themselves to carry on their system of wholesale theft they had already debauched and corrupted the city department of the public service from the highest down to the lowest that all these things are indisputable parts of the public history of the city which the hardest do not attempt to gainsay all these facts signify nothing no deserve no consideration in the minds of the partisan politicians. True the rule of Havemeyer is as much less bad than that of the rings that preceded him as it is possible for one fairly administering on to be worse than another as much less bad as inattention or want of executive ability is less bad than positive corruption. But what does that argue. Nothing to the ring intellect. No comparisons to be instituted. If the reform movement has failed to produce all the desired results at once it is written down a total failure *ipso facto*. A reformatory effort that does not at once accomplish everything in a day, and especially that is not absolutely infallible in the selection of its officers is a failure in everything according to the party modes of thinking and merits less consideration than the worst partisan rule that can be imagined.

New York is an example on a large scale of what we have here in Oregon on a small scale. The same course is adopted by the ring people out here to discourage every endeavor to reform the administration of public affair. A person who demands retrenchment, reduction of taxation return to the economy and simplicity of the Constitution in the management of public business is considered a visionary whose ideas cannot be put into force of a knave who is making that demand a hobby on which he himself can ride into power or accomplish some other personal object. The argument stripped of all impertinent matter and disarmed of its poisoned arrow is simply that every effort to correct abuses in the public service should be abandoned and the whole matter left in the hands of the acknowledged knaves and rogues because under the best system of administration there will sometimes be found unworthy officers and abuses will occasionally be practiced. Dishonesty is the best policy. It requires neither argument nor illustration to show that when this partisan view shall prevail generally there will be little left to contend for in our free Government. When ever a man is found sneering at and denying at attempts to reform public abuses that man will be found with. He is the friend of dishonesty if not himself dishonest.

CHANGES IN LAST SIDE MANAGEMENT

At the time we penned the note that appeared in yesterday's OREGONIAN concerning the change that has been made in the management of the Oregon and California railway we were not fully informed in the premises as we have ascertained since. We were not misinformed our statement being correct as far as it went but still further changes were made at the same time with those we referred to.

The receipts of the road are no longer to be handled by Mr Holladay but are to go into the possession of Mr Kohler the receiver put in by the bondholders, who remains in this country to attend to the business thus devolved upon him. The bondholders also required that three of the old Directors of the road retire that their places might be filled with persons designated by the agent of the creditors. The new Directors named are Mr Kohler the receiver Mr H Thielsen and Hon Stephen F Chadwick. Mr Villard the agent of the bondholders in the transaction of this branch of the business we learn proposed the names successively of several prominent business men of this city to fill the third place after Messrs. Kohler and Thielsen had been chosen but Mr Holladay so strenuously opposed them that Mr Villard forbore to press the matter to extremity, and Mr Chadwick's name being kindly received he was designated as a person agreeable to all parties.

The salary of the President was fixed at $7 200 per year, to be paid as other employes of the company are paid.

This does not look very much as if the creditors were so hugely satisfied with Mr Ben Holladay's management of the affairs of the road as the *Bulletin* would have its readers believe. Our charges heretofore have for the most part related to the original swindle by which the money of the bondholders was wrongfully obtained and the interests of Oregon sacrificed but it appears that the subsequent management of the road has been equally unsatisfactory.

We have probably referred to this subject as often as the public interests required unless the case shall take on some new phase but this reference is made necessary by the development of the evidence incontrovertibly showing that it was the *Bulletin* and not the OREGONIAN that misrepresented the matter.

It is proper to say that it may as well be said here and anywhere that in yesterday's ORE GONIAN we intended to say that the receiver was not put in without Mr Holladay's consent, but in the haste of writing we inadvertently omitted the word *not*, which made the sentence exactly the opposite of what we intended. The entire article taken together however leaves it very clearly that fact.

QUESTION OF PRACTICE

An interesting question of practice in the courts has been lately decided in the Supreme Courts of Massachusetts and Rhode Island and the two decisions being directly opposite each other. Under section of Congress providing for the removal of causes from state courts into the Federal courts at any time before the trial or final hearing the Supreme Court of Massachusetts in *Gaines v. Fuller* held that on application to remove the cause after it has been submitted to a jury and the jury had failed to agree comes too late and must be denied. The same question arose shortly afterwards in the Supreme Court of Rhode Island in *Cowen v. The Delaware and Hudson River Railway Company* and the Court granted the removal. Counsel opposed to the petition cited the Massachusetts case but the opinion of the Rhode Island court disposes of the matter of authority of that case in a summary manner saying. We cannot assent to the reasoning or the conclusion in that case. Judge Redfield in a note to the last case says substantially that the Rhode Island court has decided the law as it is while the Massachusetts court laid down the rule of decency which Congress should have pursued. The last case is published in the July number of the *American Law Register*.

The Arizona *Miner* of July 4th vehemently opposes the proposition to abandon the Verde Reservation in that Territory urging practical reasons as well as good faith to the Indians who have gone upon the Verde Reservation under a solemn promise that they should not be required to leave there. This promise the Apaches claim and the *Miner* with apparent good ground says the compelling them now to go to some other country would be a violation of the contract and a breach of faith. Since General Crook brought the Apaches to this Reservation they have prospered as those on no other Reservation have and are rapidly forming the habits and adopting the modes of life that belong to the whites.

KATE STODDARD'S INSANITY.—Kate Stoddard accused of the murder of Mr Goodrich was taken before the County Judge of New York on the 13th inst and an investigation into her sanity was then commenced. From the N Y *Tribune's* report of the proceedings we take the following

Thomas W Peters of Providence R I said that Kate Stoddard lived with him and first acted strangely she was always singing and talking to herself she had a favorite cat which she thought had fleas. He washed it with kerosene oil burning the cat almost all out in consequence the cat all came off and then the cat got sick she attempted to cure it by stuffing dry buns down its throat the cat would not swallow and then I gave it out of doors and it died. Here the prisoner showed That's a lie she did not. She was the smartest and best cat in the neighborhood.

Those of our readers who may have noticed that Wm M Tweed is frequently mentioned in our dispatches to the exclusion of other and equally meritorious thieves will appreciate this from the Chicago *Tribune* which to our notion is well put.

On a certain time there was an old gentleman named Tweed and he lived in a big house and he made lots of money dishonestly and he corrupted the Administration of justice and he first caught the American people to a more successful knavery and he was found out at last and he was sent to prison for all his wickedness and settled down right. That is all the story. There no more of it to it than we have given it. Play be true the people and the press can well afford to let the further bulletins in regard to Mr Tweed's prison life. His story is told.

LORT WAYNE Ind July 1.—The Republican Nominating Convention met at Camden last night and duly nominated Hon John Wilson who declined. Not motion I was withdrawn after which a ballot for the choice would be made between Mr Wilson and Chapman but the Democrats will leave and Chapman will be the nominee.

This will put an end to the agony of the Washington [illegible] which has been bitter as opposition to the present investigation because of the part he took in Grant's and the Distrist of Columbia frauds notwithstanding Mr Wilson's imminent peril.

CONGRESS OF HONOR.—Berlin July 6.—Regulations have just been issued for the formation of Counsels of Honor among Prussian officers. Every officer who considers his honor attacked by a remarks required to give information to this tribunal and to duel can come off with its approval or until the future of any other solution. The President of the tribunal is to be present at the duel to see that it is properly conducted [illegible] criminal proceedings unless the occasion of the issue of the encounter is a violation of the rules of honor such as errors improvised duel.

THE ANNUITY OF WESTERN CIVILIZATION.—The forty third award of the Chicago Inventory Association has taken account of the inventions of the year and finds the total [illegible] and [illegible] the year [illegible] Prizes have been awarded to the Chicago Tribune [illegible] Publishing Company.

THE INDEPENDENTS IN KANSAS.—Twenty five newspapers in Kansas have declared for party ticket and platform ground in favor of the resumption of specie payments and the others were Republican.

MARRIED

In Linn county July 16 M S Lewers Miss M A Hailey

DIED

In Salem July 4 a daughter of Titus Cranmell aged 3 years.

In Portland June 22 Martha Bryant aged 11 years.

NEW TO-DAY.

HE IS THERE—THAT IS FABLE THE WIDELY known caterer for Central Market.

PLUNDER BECAME NOT EXHAUSTED YESterday serving out his excellent Ustar soda to his numerous customers.

LOST

ON FIRST STREET ORIN THE STREET CARS a BILL HOLDER filled with bill of sale Bros & Co. Any person finding the same will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the upper basement office or at the office of the street cars.

Portland July 27 1874 S LENNOYER

WHITE LEAD.

ATLANTIC BARTLETT, JEWETT'S and COMMON BRANDS in wood and tin—At the Lowest Market Rates.

HODGE, CALEF & CO., DEALERS IN

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass, 97 Front Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

LECTURE ON COMETS

At Masonic Hall,

TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 28th, 1874,

BY REV. T. L. ELIOT.

The strangest fact in the universe respecting Comets, is the [illegible] Comet, the work itself [illegible] of the laws and principles governing the motions of these bodies and [illegible] the nature as to [illegible] The great [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER,

COR. OF FRONT AND OAK STS.

Auction Sales

OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MER-CHANDISE AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday,

At Private Sale.

Large assortment of GROCERIES and LIQUORS always on hand. Liberal advances made on Consignments. To parties declining Housekeeping I will interest you. Second Hand Furniture that I will purchase cheap. A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

Regular and Peremptory Sale OF

FURNITURE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE, ETC.

I will sell at my Auction Salesroom on

WEDNESDAY, JULY 29, 1874

AT 10 o'clock A. M.

FURNITURE.

PARLOR BEDROOM, DININGROOM AND KITCHEN FURNITURE

ALSO

GROCERIES.

150 cs CANNED FRUIT
20 cs QUEENSWARE
100 bbls SOAP
50 cs MUSTARD
100 Gross HERRING
50 bbls SALMON

ALSO

CROCKERY and GLASSWARE

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

INSURANCE.

HOME

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Fire and Marine Insurance.

Capital.....$1,000,000.

JOHN H REDINGTON, President.
C. H. HOWARD, Vice Pres. and Gen. Manager.
CHAS R. STORY, Secretary.
B. EDDY, Marine Secretary.
H. BIGELOW, General Manager.

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WINSTON, J. Lowenberg.

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Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory.

Fireman's Fund Insurance Co.

OF CALIFORNIA

FIRE AND MARINE.

Assets Jan. 1, 1874, - - $558,418 50.

OREGON BRANCH

98 Front Street, corner of Alder

EDWARD HALL, Manager

THE STATE

Investment & Insurance

COMPANY.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Incorporated in 1871.

Cash Assets, - - $360,000.

Principal Office, No 409 California Street, San Francisco.

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PETER DONAHUE, A. J. BRYANT,
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CHARLES M. CUSHING, Secretary.

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Peter Donahue, Frank M. Pixley,
John Slaight, F. Burke,
D. Gouverneur, J. W. Nye,
Wm. Corbitt, H. H. Wells,
Alvinza Hayward, Alexander Weill,
H. Robinson, J. Wilson,
Daniel Mark, W. A. Tupper,
W. Corbett, M. Wilson,
W. O. McCarthy, Richard Tobin,
C. Bruce, John Middleton,
I. Russell, Wm. Pridham,
San Francisco, Solano County,
G. Towle, H. W. Seale,
E. Temple, Napa,
Los Angeles, Yuba.

Company pays no Commissions. Will apply its Capital in connection with its Assets to Insurance, and will not be interested in any other business.

The undersigned having been appointed General Agent for the above Company, are now prepared to take Applications and issue Policies for Fire Insurance at equitable rates.

A. R. ROLFING & CO.,
General Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory.
Agents wanted throughout the State and Territory.

UNION

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Capital, paid up in Gold Coin $750,000
Assets, exceed - $1,000,000

BRANCH OFFICE FOR OREGON,

First National Bank Building, Portland.

EDWIN D. BACKINSTOS, General Agent.

STORAGE.

UNDER BOND AND THE PACIFIC BONDED WAREHOUSE TO 2?? Cargoes on at low rates.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Ferry Landing, Foot of Washington Street.

BARNARD & GRISWOLD

DRESS-MAKING!

MISS MARY LENNON

Has opened rooms at the corner of Second and Ankeny streets, over Mrs. Hall's Millinery Store, where she will be pleased to receive her former patrons and the ladies generally.

EMERSON & GILBERT

ARCHITECTS.

Rooms—Over Building Stark St. between First and Front.

IPIFAX!

The Famous German Tonic

F. A. CHENOWETH,

Pharmaceutical Chemist—Corvallis, Oregon.

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING JULY 28 1874

CITY.

Fruit Specimens.—Yesterday we called at the Museum and took a look at the rattlesnakes that have been captured in Yamhill county and on exhibition there. We found these highly interesting pets securely fastened in a wooden box, and therefore entirely harmless—on the outside. On the top of the box is an oval shaped aperture, in which is placed a piece of thin glass as nearly as much in thickness as the case will permit. Through this glass is clearly discernible the head of the serpent, which is the characteristic of this species of snake. And the eyes are wonderfully magnified and can be seen to much greater advantage than if observed under ordinary circumstances. The eyes especially can be seen with a startling distinctness. They appear to be larger than a pea and that peculiar bright magnetic fire which lurks in the eye of a serpent can be observed glittering and sparkling like diamonds. When disturbed or angered the head flattens the jaws distend and the tongue protrudes. To arouse the snake to this striking point one only has to give the box a sharp rap. From appearances we should judge that the two species have recently shed their skins as the colors are very distinct, and the dark portions bright. There is one marked peculiarity about the rattlesnakes worthy of attention, by putting the point of the finger to the side of the box on which the snake is coiled and holding them for a moment a small scar-mark is observed. First in the head, but each succeeding segment into the rattle. A very tickling and ticklish experience producing spasmodic contortions of the nerves of the arm precisely such as are felt when a slight electrical shock is sent through them. This is no fancy sketch any one is incredulous he or she can make the experiment. The feeling is evidently produced by electricity evolved from the snake. But it all generates the subtle fluid we leave to our more scientific readers to determine.

Pioneer Sons.—The week two boys of this city, James Mitchell and Hamilton Nesbit, of whom were elected in Illyears of age went out hunting in the Cascades, about 25 miles east of the city. After hunting about in this timber for some time their dogs came across the track of a panther and gave pursuit. A soon compelled the animal to take a tree. It was the first panther they had ever seen. Little dreaming of the danger that lurked in the fierce eyes of the beast that was looking down upon them, they set to work to bring the animal down. No sooner had the panther reached the ground than the dogs sprung on to it and the fight commenced. But the panther broke away from the dogs and sailed another tree. After climbing for another well directed shot brought it crashing to the earth. Its tame with both shoulders disabled. Even in that condition it could turn the ferocious animal made a desperate fight with the dogs, but was at length despatched by a knife in the hands of young Mitchell. With considerable difficulty the slain animal was placed on the back of one of the boys' mounts horses and conveyed to Powers' Sophisticated. Further measures will be taken to bring them to the city.

Some time ago through ignorance we have incurred the displeasure of the Sisters of Charity, and the consequence was that we were left out in the cold. Now that we have completed a drying fruit and we think we are entitled to an invitation to the unequaled display of such youthful hunters.

Solid Hitches.—A party who have held the robbers bound in pair of spirited horses hitched to a heavy buggy, to carry packages and furniture, rush to some of the parks was always on hand to carry them walk and I warn Lutheran and thither I was told bargain yesterday. He met a gentleman at Corbett's stall who owned an old gray mare that was totally blind and expressed a desire to trade his own animal even offering a bonus of twenty dollars. The owner of the blind nag did not care to trade and turn away with an air of indifference. Expression was anxious and pressed the matter. Owner of blind old gray mare sequenced and took the twenty five dollar. Expression went to examine his new property and then discovered his blunder. He called the former owner to task but the other considered it a trade and that was the end of it. The owner of his own rashness then vilified and very much used the animal and leaving the old nag in the hands of the purchaser, went off down the street. The latter was for a few moments at a loss what to do, but finally concluded to make the best of a bad bargain and started off with his purchase. Passers-by were amused between the old nag and the new. The latter was for a few moments at a loss what to do, but finally concluded to make the best of a bad bargain and started off with his purchase. Passers-by were amused between the old nag and the new. The latter was for a few moments at a loss what to do, but finally concluded to make the best of a bad bargain and started off with his purchase. Passers-by were amused between the old nag and the new.

Still Working.—The work of building up the Pier in the river is still going on and with what success remains to be seen. A number of piles have been sunk and however with little effect as yet. Only a few fragments of the wreck have been taken out and to the surface. A diver protected with submarine armor has been down a number of times to observe the wreck and ascertain if it could be raised. A diver says it is very difficult to determine what can be done with the wreck by the present method of working. An effort would be made to raise the hull of the vessel, but the boilers and machinery would have to be removed before the hull could be raised. The diver says that the wreck is in a very bad condition and that it will require a great deal of time and labor to raise it.

Steamer Shipments.—The United States Light House tender *Shubrick* arrived at this port yesterday and now lies out in the stream opposite Lumber wharf. She came up for the purpose of making the annual inspecting visits to the various lighthouses in the District supplying the same and also the furnishing of new buoys wherever required.

Advance Agent.—Mr. E. S. Hall, Advance Agent of the Anna Bishop troupe will arrive in the city this evening from Olympia. We are requested to state that three concerts will be given next week on Tuesday evening, August 4th, Thursday 6th and Saturday 8th. Full programmes will appear in our next issue.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Meeting of the Council.

Steamer due this evening.

Soda and ice cream all the rage.

The steamer *Ione* went up the river yesterday.

Dalton Beecher can fill the great drawing rope of the day.

Work on Flanders new wharf extension progressing finely.

Bathing in town has been practiced the past few nights.

The Portland Base Ball will clear over $400 on their recent picnic.

We understand that the Academy and Pioneer Hose will return home on Saturday.

The Police Judge is absent from his post of duty on business of importance this week.

It will amply repay one to take a look through Kellogg's auction rooms this morning.

Hamilton & Co. advertise a number of property owners that they are required to place their sidewalks in good repair. Any failure to comply with the law will be dealt with accordingly.

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Ah Ting a steward on the bark *Leonard* was arrested last Saturday for the larceny of a sack of rice from the vessel. He was discharged on the intercession of the Captain of the *Leonard* and upon the most solemn promises not to be guilty of a similar offense.

A light to follow in East Portland is wanted for his shoulder. Some pugnacious jumped on a small man last Saturday evening. The smaller man made into this antagonist and gave him a terrible pommeling and now said pugilist don't propose to tackle any more delicate lobbying fellows.

It is stated that Mr. D. Fouquette, the patentee of the new mode of construction of planing mill has met with good success since his arrival among us and the prospects are that a few of our citizens will soon take the matter in hand and erect a first class mill in some convenient spot upon the city limits.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Meeting of the Council.

Steamer due this evening.

Soda and ice cream all the rage.

The steamer *Ione* went up the river yesterday.

Dalton Beecher can fill the great drawing rope of the day.

Work on Flanders new wharf extension progressing finely.

Bathing in town has been practiced the past few nights.

The Portland Base Ball will clear over $400 on their recent picnic.

We understand that the Academy and Pioneer Hose will return home on Saturday.

The Police Judge is absent from his post of duty on business of importance this week.

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MILITARY NOTES.

We are in receipt of the following General Order No. 1 from the Headquarters Department of Arizona, under date of Prescott, July 8th 1874 which will best explain itself:

In bidding a feeling of more than passing regret that the Department Commander in obedience to the order transferring him to another field of duty part with the Twenty-third Infantry.

An association that commenced in the winter campaign of 1864—5 in the mountain gulch of Idaho, a campaign of untold hardship from the terrible cold and driving snows, which encircled it continued in every part of the Pacific Slope, where a hostile Indian line made war on civilization from Britsh Columbia to Mexico and closing with the late campaign, under the burning sun of Arizona, cannot need him to the regiment numbers among its officers and men as the finest soldiers as the service can boast.

Differing in its brilliant service under adverse circumstances in most unhospitable climates entitles a regiment to anything such by the Twenty-third Infantry to cross well of the mountaineers and the country.

That the officers and men may continue to serve the good reputation is our earnest wish. They have well earned it and that in the future they may be the fortunate ones to receive the distinguished services of their country is the earnest wish of the Department Commander.

By command of Brevet Major General Crook.

A. H. NICKERSON,
Captain Twenty-third Infantry, A. D. C. and A. A. General.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

C. M. Carter and wife to D. M. Gibson et al, building and lot on lot 1 Block 2 Couch's Addition $1000.

Wm. H. Harris to J. S. Lowe a piece of land on the Island $1.

S. B. Cooper to Daniel Mahoney, lot in Block 3 Cooper's Addition $1.

Daniel Mahoney to William Mahoney, same property $1.

Mark Sherrill to Mahoney & Ward, same property $1.

Mahoney & Ward to Mark Sherrill

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING JULY 28, 1874.

KIDNAPPING

REVOLTING ABDUCTION OF A CHILD—A RANSOM OF $20,000 ASKED—NO CLUE TO THE IDENTITY OR WHEREABOUTS OF THE BLACKMAILERS

PHILADELPHIA, July 1, 1874

On Friday last two little boys were playing in Washington lane at Germantown two men approached them in a carriage and invited them out to ride. No one saw the children and the men was near at the time. For several days previous these same two men had approached the boys in different ways and buying, during their conversations, given them candies. Once or the little ones expected them before they arrived on the day mentioned above and so readily consented to get into the carriage. After having driven for some distance the oldest one of the two little ones was asked to get out of the carriage and given a few packages of fire crackers. Boy like, he most willingly complied. No sooner had he disappeared in the store than the two men lashed the horse and made away with the little four year old, whose name is

CHARLIE LEWESTER [illegible]

and who has never since been seen by those who know him.

The father after searching everywhere in the neighborhood came to the police office where upon his arrival your correspondent learned the above. The police under the direction of Captain Heins, made the most searching search everywhere. They continued their operations unceasingly day and night, and were determined to leave no stone unturned that would restore the lost one and punish its abductors. All in vain. They labored to no purpose for three days and for three nights. There was no clew. After this the following advertisement appeared in all the newspapers:

$300 REWARD WILL BE PAID TO THE PERSON returning to No 5 North Sixth street, a SMALL BOY 4 years old having long curly flaxen hair hazel eyes clear light skin and round face dressed in a brown linen suit with short skirt broad rimmed straw hat, and laced shoes. The child was lost from Germantown on Wednesday afternoon 1st inst. between 4 and 5 o'clock

This advertisement too, met with no response, and on Monday July 6 another was inserted in the *Public Ledger*. The next morning, in the "personal column" of this same journal appeared the following

ROSS—WE BE READY TO NEGOTIATE.

On the same day the father, Mr Ross received an anonymous letter through the post office, in which it was stated that little Charlie would be returned for $20 000. It also went on to say that the boy was in good hands that the treatment given him was careful that it had cost the parties a good deal of money to get him, and that they could not think of returning him for less than $20,000.

The father returned the following answer through the *Ledger* personals thus

ROSS—WILL COME TO TERMS TO THE EXTENT of his ability.

Another anonymous letter at once was received by Mr Ross stating, that the parties who had the child would not part with it for a smaller sum than the one already named. Now mark how a father's love rises supreme above everything. He had not in his possession the amount necessary to regain his dear one but he answered the villains through the personals thus

ROSS IS WILLING HAVE NOT GOT IT AM doing my best to raise it

Thus the matter stands. Detectives have watched the *Ledger* building and the police day and night, but so carefully do the kidnappers work that no clew whatever seems to have been obtained to their identity or their whereabouts. The child has now been absent twelve days, and it is doubtful whether, during this time, any of the members of the house, hold to which it belonged have had an hour of unbroken rest.

THE CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE CASE

are somewhat remarkable throughout. For five days previous to July 1—the day upon which the child was stolen—the same men were seen around the neighborhood and each day approached the two children and conversed with them. It is presumed that they would have made off with the youngest little Charlie Ross several days before the 1st instant but at each time there chanced to be some one passing along the lane. During a conversation with the father I asked him whether he had any enemies who owed him a grudge, and who would be likely to take revenge in such a rare way. The father replied that he was unaware that there was any one in the world who entertained any bitterness against him. The name of the father is Mr Christian K. Ross, of the firm of Ross, Shott & Co., wholesale dry-goods dealers, Market street. The house was unfortunate during the late panic, and hence Mr Ross is unable to pay at once the sum demanded by the blackmailers. It is hoped that he will not be obliged to do so, but that it will be the kidnappers who will be obliged to pay the penalty worthy of their inhumanity.

THE LETTERS OF THE [illegible]

[illegible]—Since writing the above your correspondent has gained more direct view of the nature of the letters which the kidnappers have sent to the disconsolate father. More fiendish cruel or inhuman epistles human hand never penned. One of them reads similar to this

We know you are not worth much money but we are aware that you have rich friends of whom you can borrow. If you love money better than your child its blood be on your own head."

Another letter reads to this effect

"Any attempt to ascertain the child's hiding place will result in its entire annihilation. We will 'turn the child up' on our own terms. Meaning that in case the money is not forth coming they will kill the infant.

No one can read the letters without feeling his blood boil. Four letters in all have been received, and each of them is cool and cruel.

"We know our business" says one of the letters "and we are going to fight it out."—*Cor N Y Herald.*

PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—There are no further developments on the abduction case. The unfortunate father, in a *Ledger* personal this morning signifies that he has got the amount of money required for the restoration of his son, and is willingly to pay it. The abductors are believed to be a gang of English professionals accustomed to this nefarious business.

AN INTERESTING DECISION

A Chicago dispatch of July 27th says: A decision involving very important principles was rendered in the United States Circuit Court this afternoon, by Judge Drummond in the case of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company against the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company. The Telegraph Company accepting the Act of Congress of July 24 1866 entitled, "An Act to aid in erecting telegraph lines, and to secure to the Government the use of the same for postal military and other purposes," commenced the construction of a line along the route of the Rock Island Railroad between Chicago and Omaha. The Railroad Company ordered the Telegraph Company to desist, after a few poles were set, thereupon the Telegraph Company applied to the United States Circuit Court for an injunction restraining the Railroad Company from interfering with the construction of their line, claiming that as the Rock Island road carried the United States mail it was a post road, and came under the provisions of the Act of 1866. The Railroad Company was represented by Messrs Williams & Thompson, attorneys. It was claimed that the Act in question applied only to roads traversing the public domain and that the right of way, which had been condemned and purchased by the Railroad Company under State laws, was the property of the Railroad Company, and under the fifth amendment to the Constitution could not be taken without compensation. Judge Drummond, in his decision held that the Act of July 24th 1866 limits the powers therein conferred to such military and post routes of the United States as are owned or exclusively controlled by the Government, and does not include railroads which have been designated as post routes by other acts of Congress over which Government exercises no control, but simply contracts for the carrying of mails of the United States, that neither under the Act of 1866 nor under any other Act, can Congress take or authorize the taking of private property of a Railroad Corporation, for the purpose of erecting and maintaining a telegraph line, without compensation for the franchise so sought to be granted.

The Denver, Col., *News* says that about 200 persons have signed an agreement to re-organize the Yellowstone expedition to the Powder river country about the 1st of September

Portland.

MONDAY EVENING July 27 1874.

Gold in New York 109¾

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying 90¢, selling 91

Sight exchange on New York coin ¼ of one per cent, prem in currency ½ of 1 per cent, prem

Gold bars "2"

Wheat in Liverpool by mail advices from San Francisco [illegible] for average California, and 11s 10d [illegible] for club

The gold premium has declined [illegible] for some months and it is believed by many that the next loan in contemplation by Secretary Bristow will be currency exclusively, the premium down during the next three months to a point not [illegible] that it has been for years. It is [illegible] from the statement that the effect of the operation of the new law [illegible] thus far has been a contraction of much larger amount of national bank circulation has been surrendered than has been called for by new applications. The amount surrendered is $7,500,000 and the amount of broken bank circulation outstanding is over $1,000,000. There is therefore a fund of nearly $9 000 000 which can be used to furnish new banks in the West and South before any of the circulation of Eastern banks is withdrawn. Redistribution under the new law. The amount of circulation applied for by new banks is $4 000 000 but [illegible] over one half of the sum which can now be supplied to the West and South without disturbing the Eastern circulation. It is not believed that of those $4 000 000 applied for more than $1 000 000 will be issued during the next three months for the reason that the bonds invariably sell at banks for only 5 000 of circulating, however current may be the issue of this sum their aggregate circulation is designed to be. This is possible under the new law while the old law required a deposit equal to at least one third the aggregate circulation. There still remains most of the last $3 000 000 of the original $54 000 000 which have been assigned, but not yet issued. The banks to which this sum is allotted are very slow in taking it out. Many of them are awaiting a decline in bonds while others are uncertain about continuing their organization. It is suggested that after all the outcry for more circulation it may happen that Congress will convene before all of even these last $3 000 000 are issued.

The Tonnage Supply.

During the week ending July 23d there were sixteen engagements at San Francisco of vessels for the European grain trade at rates varying from 45s 1½d to £4. At the date named there were fifteen vessels disengaged in that port with a capacity of 12 450 tons. Of the following named vessels reported on the way or under charter for this port we are informed that a number have the option of San Francisco. The names of most of the have been published from time to time. Their aggregate tonnage is 9 705 tons registered, while their carrying capacity is perhaps 25 per cent. greater. Our evening contemporary publishes the list as follows: "Knight of Wonder, 846, Oneta, 1 047, Zedith, 768, Heros, 864 Chorai 1 141, Mountbeam, 692, Caraboon, 725, Glenlyon 665, Screen Berner, 910, Valparaiso, 770 Gloria 670 Huntley Castle, 622 Rosalia Castle 614, Brighton Castle, 423 Ole Smith Plong, 700, Orissa 1 1599, Murilla, 643 Ramoline, 384 Oonica 791 Rosenearth 692, Grondloren 824 Clara 523 St Patrick, 507 St. Nicholas 890 R P Buck 923 Inchantress 597, British ship Windward 607 Lunnie 600, Clan McLeod, 883, Royal Alfred 1 230 Hermine, 516 Neunphar, 846, Windermere 680 India 939 Golden Age, 1 096 Beulah, 727 Professor Van Derbrousch, 746, Midas, 551, Flamingo 301, Eurine 895, Emeraldo, 780, Pocahontas, 780

Miscellaneous.

A San Francisco exchange of last Thursday says: The decline of 6d in the English wheat market since the 16th inst. has had no perceptible effect in values here, though buyers are perhaps more cautious and less anxious to contract for lots for future delivery unless at a marked reduction on present asking rates. Exporters say they can get all the wheat they want at 9s 6d, though the quantity immediately available is not large. It is a curious coincidence that the price of average California wheat in Liverpool to day is exactly the same as it was a year ago.

The Hudson Bay Co ship Briarly Hill left London for Victoria on the 13th of June. We have heard that she will return to Europe via Portland under a charter.

An Olympia paper says: We are informed by a farmer of Thurston county who always raises a large crop of onions that the crop this year is a failure. The wet weather, early in the season forced their growth rapidly, making them very tender. Since the hot weather began they have dried up so that no would now run through them. It is supposed to be caused by the frosts and sun. They are seldom injured this way in United States but it is said to be a common occurrence in Great Britain. We are told that every field in the vicinity is killed.

A Walla Walla county paper says: The crops of this county are generally good. The acreage of wheat is perhaps one third more than last year. The oat crop is as good, or perhaps better than last year. The yield of hay will be smaller than last year and the wheat crop this year will be about equal to that of last year the yield per acre will perhaps fall be low last year's crop but the extra acreage will make up the deficiency and the present crop may be larger than last year.

A Walla Walla paper says: We are sorry to learn that in many parts of the country the wheat crops—especially that sown in the spring—will prove a failure. Even the fall wheat will scarcely average 50 per cent as compared to that of last year. The early spring drouth is doubtless the cause.

Shipping Intelligence.

The Ajax, from San Francisco, will be due here to morrow evening.

The schooner Oregonian has her deck load of lumber nearly complete and will go down the river in a day or two.

The steamship Idaho is loading for San Francisco at the fisheries on the Columbia.

The bark Pocahontas Crosby master was in port at Shields July 9th, destined for this port via Bombay.

The barkentine Mclanethon from San Francisco will be due this week having sailed on the 21st.

[BY TELEGRAPH]

SAN FRANCISCO July 27.—Sailed—Bobolink Umpqua Dreadnought, Astoria.

Arrived—Northwest Fort Madison.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH]

SAN FRANCISCO July 27.—Flour—Unchanged.

Wheat—$1 58@1 60

Barley—$1 12½

Oats—$1 40@1 60

Hay—$18@14

Potatoes—$1 10

Eggs—20@22

Eastern Wool Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH]

NEW YORK July 27.—California wool in the New York market is lower 3c across boards, offered for choice lots. Freights to California are light. Boston market for California wool is in fair demand at 40@42 cents.

San Francisco Stock Market

[BY TELEGRAPH]

SAN FRANCISCO July 27.

Ophir	16	Overman	32
C & C	11	Julia	1
B & B	24½	Caledonia	16
Savage	18	Knickerbocker	6
Chollar	80	Globe	1
Hale & N	63½	Utah	1
Potosi	69½	California	8
Jacket	7½	Silver Hill	6½
Imperial	2½	Dayton	1
Empire Mill	7	Bardandles	1
Alta	11¼	Con Va	1
Belcher	68½	Wood's Ills	1
Confidence	105½	Andes	50c
Con Va	82½	Leo	85c
Gould & Nevada	4	Rock I	1
Denny	2	Franklin	1
Seg Belcher	80	Mint	1

EVENING BOARD.

Meadow Valley		G Chariot	
Raymond	13	Flnore	1
Eureka Con	11½	Mahogany	1
W & C	1	War Eagle	2
Flag	2½	Suptic Idaho	2
Belmont	4½	Belcher	2
M Belmont	15½	Imperial	1
Rye	1	Con Virginia	8
Colorado south	2	Savage	1
Prussian	2½	Ophir	70
Cherry Creek	2½	Overman	12
Con Amador	4½	B & B	2
Bellevue	1½	Ophir	16
Pioneer Mill	7½	H & N	46
Corberg	2	Chollar	81

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—To an outsider it would appear that very little is being done in regard to the new crop but though things appear so quiet on the surface we are informed that some large contracts have been made for fall delivery on terms reserved. The present condition of the market is some better than it was one week ago but whether the improvement is permanent is a matter of doubt quotations are almost nominal at present, at 2l 6@2 9 ℔ cental.

FLOUR—The supplies on hand now will carry dealers through the fortnight or so that will intervene before the new crop of wheat comes in. Quotable at $5 50 ℔ bbl for best brands of standard extras, good outside brands $4 50@5 superfine $4

Oats—This cereal has declined 2½c ℔ bushel in

[illegible] A further decline is anticipated owing to the heavy crop soon to be harvested.

BARLEY—There is a good demand for choice lots for brewing purposes, and such readily command $1 40@1 50 per ctl, including sacks. Common, feed quotable at $1 40@1 4

FEED—Stocks on hand supply the present inquiry, which is limited at jobbers paying rates bran $1 ℔ 100 pounds; shorts $1 25; chop middlings $1 40

HAY—The new crop comes forward freely, and prices tend downward the quotations for baled timothy to be [illegible] ton ditto loose $5 50@7 00. Wild is scarcely saleable at $6 @6 50

POTATOES—The market is full of receipts, new ones selling at good quotable at 4@5 cents ℔ pound. Their port that in some sections of Washington Territory [illegible] suffered from [illegible] some [illegible] similar to reports received in this city several days ago but no information with which to [illegible] the statement that the effect of the operation of the new currency act will bring the general run down during the next three months to a normal [illegible] that [illegible] currency act will bring the general run down during the next three months to a normal [illegible] that it has been [illegible] for years. It is [illegible] from the statement that the effect of the operation of the new